STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS SUPPLEMENT

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STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

2003 No. 49.

The Uganda Wildlife (Declaration of Wildlife Conservation Area) (Pian Upe Wildlife Reserve) Instrument, 2003.

(Under sections 18, 19 and 94 of the Uganda Wildlife Statute, 1996, Statute No. 14 of 1996).

IN EXERCISE of the powers conferred upon the Minister responsible for wildlife by sections 18, 19 and 94 of the Uganda Wildlife Statute, 1996; and after consultation with the local government councils of Moroto and Nakapiripirit Districts; and with the approval of Parliament signified by its resolution passed on 27th May 2002, this Instrument is made this 3rd day of April, 2003.

1. Citation

This Instrument may be cited as the Uganda Wildlife (Declaration of Wildlife Conservation Area) (Pian Upe Wildlife Reserve) Instrument, 2003.

2. Declaration of Pian Upe Wildlife Reserve as a wildlife conservation area

The area of land specified in the Schedule to this Instrument is declared a wildlife conservation area to be known as Pian Upe Wildlife Reserve.

3. Area to be a wildlife Reserve and a wildlife protected area

The area declared under paragraph 2 shall be a wildlife reserve and a wildlife protected area for the purposes of section 19 of the Uganda Wildlife Statute, 1996.

4. S.I. No. 220 of 1964 revoked

The Game Reserves Declaration (No. 5) Notice, 1964 is revoked.

5. Amendment of S.I. No. 136 of 1965

The Schedule to the Game Reserves Declaration (Amendment) Notice, 1965 is amended by revoking any reference to Pian Upe Wildlife Reserve.

SCHEDULE

Boundaries of Pian Upe Wildlife Reserve

Commencing at Thithing triangulation station; thence southerly along the Moroto/Katakwi District boundary till where it meets the Kumi District boundary; thence eastwards and southwards following the Kumi/Moroto District boundary till it reaches the Mbale/Moroto District boundary; thence eastwards following the Mbale/Moroto District boundary and the thalweg of the Greek (or Kelim) River to its junction with the River Loporokocho; thence along the thalweg of river Loporokocho to pillar PU1 at the point where a track meets the river; thence northwards in a direct line for approximately 10 kilometers to the junction of the rivers Aterwai and Longoduny; thence in a north-westerly direction following the

thalweg of the River Longoduny to the point where it meets the Kadam Forest Reserve boundary; thence westwards along the boundary of the Kadam Forest Reserve to the point where it meets the River Kananyait; thence following the northern bank of the River Kananyait to the point where it crosses the main Mbale/Namalu road; thence continuing along the northern bank of the Kananyait River to its junction with the River Lukudut; thence following the northern bank of the River Lukudut westwards to pillar PU2; thence north-westwards in a direct line to the summit of Kumeth hill; thence north-westwards in a direct line to Koryet triangulation station; thence northwards in a direct line to Kurithai triangulation station; thence south-westwards in a direct line to the peak of Kodiakori Hill; thence south-westwards in a direct line to Napak triangulation station; thence westwards in a direct line to point where the River Aminet crosses the Moroto/Katakwi District boundary; thence southwards following the Moroto/Katakwi District boundary to the point of commencement.

This boundary is more particularly shown on Boundary Plan UG/WILDLIFE/PIAN UPE/01 deposited at the Survey Records Office in the Department Responsible for Surveys and Mapping.

PROFESSOR EDWARD B. RUGUMAYO, Minister of Tourism, Trade and Industry.